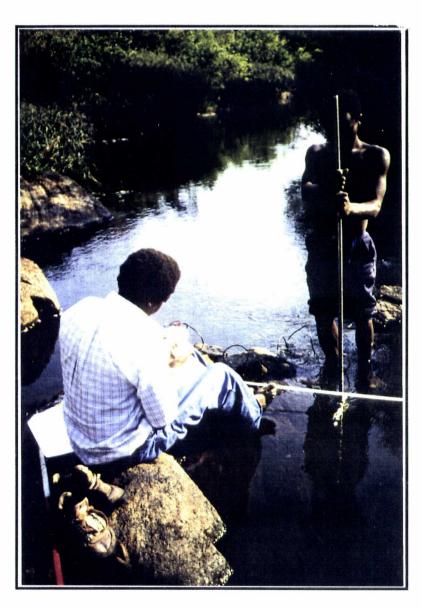
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**NORWEGIAN** 

WATER RESOURCES AND ENERGY ADMINISTRATION

# FIFTH MAJI/NORAD TRAINING COURSE FOR HYDROLOGY TECHNICIANS

16 October - 1 December 1989

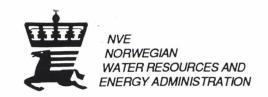


Ву

J. M. Mihayo

B. Krokli

NVE NORWEGIAN WATER RESOURCES AND ENERGY ADMINISTRATION Division of development assistance NORAD NORWEGIAN AGENCY FOR DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA MINISTRY OF WATER



Tittel/Title	Nr/No
FIFTH MAJI/NORAD TRAINING COURSE FOR HYDROLOGY TECHNICIANS IN TANZANIA	05-90
16 October - 1 December 1989	Dato/Date
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#### Sammendrag/Abstract

The fifth MAJI/NORAD training course for hydrology technicians in Tanzania was held in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, 16 October - 1 December 1989. The course was mainly organized by the Tanzanian Ministry of Water (MAJI), with only limited contribution by the Norwegian Water Resources and Energy Administration (NVE).

The report summarizes the course preparations and accomplishment.

Emneord/Subject Terms

Tanzania Hydrology Course Ansvarlig underskrift / Project Co-ordinator

1.1 Shoffeland

Egil Skofteland NVE/NORAD-Coordinator

NVE
NORWEGIAN
WATER RESOURCES AND
ENERGY ADMINISTRATION
Division of development
assistance

NORAD NORWEGIAN AGENCY FOR DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION UNITED REPUPLIC
OF TANZANIA
MINISTRY OF WATER
MAJI
Hydrology section, Ubungo

#### Contents

1.	BACKGROUND	2				
2.	INTRODUCTION					
3.	COURSE PREPARATIONS	3				
4.	RECOMMENDATIONS	4				
5.	TEACHING STAFF	5				
6.	COURSE PARTICIPANTS	7				
7.	COURSE SYLLABUS	7				
8.	FINAL EXAMINATION	8				
9.	COURSE EVALUATION	8				
APPI	ENDICES					
Appe	endix A: Course Participants	12				
Appe	endix B: Course Syllabus	14				
Appe	endix C: Weekly Timetables	26				
Appe	endix D: Examinations	34				
Appe	endix E: Diploma, Certificate of Attendance	48				

#### 1. BACKGROUND

NORAD received in 1981 a request from the Project Preparation Division, Ministry of Water and Energy in Tanzania (MAJI), to assist in organizing and financing a practical oriented course for their regional hydro staff.

NORAD agreed on financing three courses, and the Norwegian National Committee for Hydrology (NHK) in cooperation with the Project Preparation Division of MAJI were asked to prepare the practical parts of such a programme.

NHK recruited professional hydrologists to be responsible for the syllabus and the performance of the programme. In 1987 this programme was followed up by a fourth course.

The following courses were concluded:

Course no.	Period	Responsible person/institution
1	April 11 - May 25, '83	Ole Stang/VHL
2	April 30 - June 13, '84	Knut Sand/VHL
3	Oct 8 - Nov 23, '84	Anton Tomsen /DHI
4	Sept 14 - Nov 30, '87	Knut Sand/VHL

Senior hydrologist J. Kobalyenda has acted as MAJI course coordinator and principal Tanzanian lecturer through all four courses.

A request for a fifth course was received by NORAD in 1988. The request was accepted, but the local contribution to the budget was increased. In addition most of the preparations for the course were taken care of by the Hydrology Section on behalf of the Principal Secretary, Ministry of Water.

As it has been demonstrated in this course, MAJI is fully competent in arranging a course like this with only limited contribution from NORAD. In cooperation with Rwegalulila Water Research Institute (RWRI) the professional skill and the teaching facilities are also present.

#### 2. INTRODUCTION

The fifth MAJI/NORAD training course for hydrology technicians in Tanzania was held in Dar es Salaam at the Rwegalulila Water Research Institute from 16. October to 1. December 1989. Mr. M. Msuya, Acting Head of Hydrology Section, has been responsible for the accomplishment of the course on behalf of the Principal Secretary, Ministry of Water.

The course was performed as a co-operation between

- Tanzanian Ministry of Water (MAJI), Ubungo
- Norwegian Agency for Development Co-operation (NORAD)
- Rwegalulila Water Research Institute (RWRI)
- Norwegian Water Resources and Energy Administration (NVE)

Mr. J.M. Mihayo, Head of Electronic section, the preparations for the course in Dar es Salaam with assistance from Mr. A. Hollerud, NORAD. The preparations in Norway were mostly taken care of by NVE.

Senior hydrologist Mr. B.A. Luhumbika, Head of Field Op. Ser, has been the course co-ordinator. lecturers have been hydrologists from Mbungo and RWRI and Mr. B. Krokli from NVE has been the external examiner.

#### 2. COURSE PREPARATIONS

The preparations for this course were mainly done in Tanzania with only limited contribution from NVE in Norway.

In Tanzania, discussions were held with the Principal of the Water Resources Institute to arrange for accommodation for the course participants, classroom for lecturers and other facilities which were to be provided by the Institute.

Through discussions with NORAD it was decided that most of the teaching materials and other requirements which can be obtained

locally should be purchased in Tanzania and only those which are unavailable can be purchased in Norway.

The following were purchased locally and the payment was made by NORAD in Dar-es-Salaam:

- writing pads, ball points, rulers, pencils, sharpeners, graphs papers, french curves, markers and photocopying papers.
- 40 bags for both course participants and the course lecturers.

Items which were purchased from Norway were:

- Xerox photocopying machine with spare parts and other accessories plus photocopying papers.
- 25 HP-32S hand calculators with 300 spare non-chargeable batteries.
- 4 HP-41CV programmable calculators with 20 spare chargeable battery packs for the HP-41 CV calculators and 4 packs of spare blank cards.
- 40 text books "Hydrology in Practice" by Elizabeth Shaw.

#### 3. RECOMMENDATIONS

With this fifth course, there are a total of about 124 hydrology technicians who have been trained through this MAJI/NORAD training programme which started in 1983.

It is expressed from MAJI that such cooperation and assistance should be continued also in other areas.

The status of most of the hydrometric as well as climatic stations is not good due to non-availability of instruments and equipments which are mostly obtained from abroad. This situation makes the collection of data from these stations difficult and

also the quality and reliability of such data to be doubtful.

MAJI is of the view that, with the good number of trained hydrology technicians and of the availability of the provided HP programmable hand calculators in the regional hydrological offices, there is a need to seek for external assistance in order to rectify the present situation of hydrological stations. The assistance required includes among other things the following:

- Provision of various hydrological and meteorological instruments and equipment which are only obtained from abroad. These includes items such as sunshine cards, meteorological instruments, current meters etc.
- In order to inspect and check the status of stations, there is a need to have a good and reliable transport. Most of the regional hydrological offices are short of vehicles. This situation makes the regional offices unable to verify the reliability of the data which they receive from gauge readers and meteorology observers. This condition makes the exercise of analyzing such data useless as it will lead to conclusions which are based on unreliable data.
- Hydrological data digitizing and analysis have been difficult to perform due to serious trouble with the discs on the I.C.L. computer belonging to the Ministry of Water. In order to perform the duties, the Hydrology Section, Ubungo, has a requirement for a Personal Computer.

#### 4. TEACHING STAFF

Mr. B.A. Lhumbika (MAJI) was the course leader. He also lectured the following items:

- Item 2: Network design
- Item 3: Operation of stations
- Case study no. 1

Mr. M.O. Msuya (Head of Hydrological Services gave a lecture on:

- Item 1: Introduction

- Mr. J.M. Mihayo (MAJI) was the assistant course leader. He lectured on the following:
  - Item 7: Processing of streamflow data
  - Case study no. 2
- Mr. J. Dukuduku (MAJI) lectured on:
  - Item 4: Repair and maintenance of instruments
- Mr. S. Salamba (MAJI) lectured on:
  - Item 6: Processing of hydrometeorological data
  - Case study no. 4
- Mr. I.E. Mwakalinga (MAJI) lectured on:
  - Item 10: Operation of HP-32S hand calculators
- Mr. M. Msalali (Water Resources Institute) lectured on:
  - Item 8: Hydrological analysis
- Mr. S.H. Mkhandi (MAJI) lectured on:
  - Item 5: Water resources
  - Case study no. 5
- Mr. S.A. Faraji (MAJI) lectured on:
  - Case study no. 3
- MR. B. Krokli (NVE) gave a short lecture on how data is collected and processed in Norway.

The Tanzanian lecturers were paid an allowance of Tsh. 400/ per hour of lecturing and Tsh. 1000/ for setting and marking of the final examinations.

#### 5. COURSE PARTICIPANTS

A total of 25 technicians attended the course as shown in Appendix A. They were selected from all the twenty regional hydrological offices and the Headquarters.

Most of the participants did well during the course. There were a few participants who had problems in following some of the course material. This was due to little theoretical background and also for being away from school for a very long time.

All the course participants were accommodated at the Water Resources Institute (W.R.I.) and each participant was paid an allowance of Tsh. 600/ per day for meals and personal expenses.

#### 6. COURSE SYLLABUS

The course syllabus for this course was the same as the one which was used during the last four courses. This time different worked examples and exercises were used than the ones used during the previous fourth course.

The course syllabus is enclosed in Appendix B and the weekly timetables are shown in Appendix C.

The textbooks which were used during the course were:

Shaw, E.: Hydrology in Practice. Van Nostrand Reinhold (UK) Co. Ltd. 1983. ISBN 0-442-30566-4.

World Meteorological Organization: Guide to Hydrological Practices. Vol. 1: Data acquisition and processing, 1981.
ISBN 92-63-14168-1

MAJI, NORAD, NHL: Work Book, vol 1 & 2.

Hewlet Packard: HP-32S Owners Manual

#### 7. FINAL EXAMINATION

Final examinations were held in the following subjects:

- Processing of Hydrometeorological data
- Streamflow data processing
- Hydrological analysis

Appendix D shows the papers given.

The marking was done by the respective lecturers for each item and an external examiner. The highest possible score was 100 and the passing mark was set at 50. Below is a summary of the examination results:

		Grades	
Item	Lowest	Highest	Mean
Processing Hydrometeorological data	42	95	76
Streamflow data processing	30	97	69
Hydrological analysis	24	92	76

23 participants passed the final examination by obtaining a score of 50 or more as an average for the three papers. These were awarded with a diploma, certificate of attendance and a grades certificate. 2 participants did not reach the average passing mark of 50. They were given a "Certificate of attendance" and a grades certificate.

#### 8. COURSE EVALUATION

At the end of the course a course evaluation was held. The participants were asked to answer eight questions, the same as the ones which were asked during the previous third and fourth courses. The questions are listed below:

- Q1: List the three items you found the most interesting.
- Q2: List the three items you found the least interesting.

Q3: List the items you would have liked to spend more time on.

Q4: List the items you would have liked to spend less time on.

Q5: List new items you would have liked to be included in the course.

Q6: List what you liked best about the course.

Q7: List what you liked least about the course.

Q8: List your complaints, compliments or suggestions about the course.

The answers to these questions are as presented below:

#### Question 1-4:

		Que	estion	num	ber
Item n	o Title	11	2	3_	4
1	Introduction	1	2	0	7
2	Network design	2	6	2	6
3	Operation of stations	2	5	4	4
4	Repair and maintenance of instruments	0	4	15	1
5	Water resources	1	6	0	8
6	Processing of hydrometeorological data	14	1	8	3
7	Processing of streamflow data	13	6	12	0
8	Hydrological analysis	13	2	13	0
9	Case studies	5	2	7	5
10	operation of hand calculators	18	2	16	0

Question 5: List new items you would have liked to be included in the course.

Answers: Practicals (14)

Statistics (1)

Engineering mathematics (1)

Engineering hydrology (1)

Advanced programming (1)

Management (1)

Economics (1)

Study tours (2)

Question 6: List what you liked best about the course.

Answers: Good coordination (1)

Gained extra knowledge about hydrology (2)

The way the course was conducted (1)

Time table set up (1)

Question 7: List what you liked least about the course.

Answers: Time too short (1)

Life at the Water Resources Institute bad (1)

Bad teaching approach by some lecturers (2)

Poor care of course participants, eg. when sick (1)

Spacing of time table not good (1)

Allowances not enough (1)

Question 8: List your complaints, compliments or suggestions about the course.

Answers: The allowance was not enough (3)

The course should be conducted outside the Water

Resources Institute (1)

Sponsorship was not fair (1)

The lecturers should be trained before teaching the

participants (3)

Accommodation not good (2)

Next course participants should stay in guest

houses (1)

The duration of the course should be extended (10)

The next course should be conducted in Norway (1)

At the end of the course participants should be given

money for shopping (1)

There should be another sixth course (3)

Number of participants should be increased (1)

The course was good (2)

Next course should have practicals included (1)

Time table too compact (2)

Streamflow data processing examination set up wrong (1)

The course should be recognised by the Ministry of Water so that successful participants can get one salary increment (1)

The course was well organised (1)

APPENDIX A: COURSE PARTICIPANTS

#### 5TH TRAINING COURSE FOR HYDROLOGY TECHNICIANS PARTICIPANTS.

1	Charles Kalusa	Techn.	III	Shinyanga
2	Joyce K. Reuben (Miss)	**	IV	Iringa
3	Wilfred Isaac	***	IV	Mtwara
4	Mataru M. Said	**	ΙV	н
5	Constancia Timothy (Mrs)	79	IV	Ruvuma
6	Robert Mwamasage	#	III	Rukwa
7	Omary Nyamonde	**	II	Dar/Coast
8	Dedan A. Mundo	**	II	Morogoro
9.	Thadeo Malogo	Asst.Te	echn.	Dodoma
10	Ally Shamte	Sen.Ted	chn.	
11	Arthur P. Mtoi	Techn.	II	Tanga
12	Muhidin Mrisho	н	III	Tabora
13	Daniel Mwaipopo	11	II	Mbeya
14	Isaiah J. M. Macha	11	III	Kilimanjaro
15	Frank Linyembe	**	IV	Lindi
16	David N. Shokora	**	IV	Kigoma
17	Faustine Songo	**	IV	Mwanza
18	Nyamhanga Kitang'ita	**	īv	Mara
19	Hassan K. Mwasolile	n	III	Arusha
20	Eliajah L. Mayuki	**	III	Singida
21	Salvatory Mukebezi	**	III	Kagera
22	Faustine Lweganwa	**	II	Dsm
23	Wilson E. Lugomamo	11	III	m
24	Samson Andrew	**	IV	н
25	Deothila Mgoli (Miss)	**	IV	*

APPENDIX B: COURSE SYLLABUS

# 5TH TRAINING COURSE FOR HYDROLOGICAL TECHNICIANS IN TANZANIA COURSE SYLLABUS:

Item no:	Title No. c	f hours	Lecturer
1	Introduction	3	M.O.Msuya (MOM)
2	Network design	6	B.A.Luhumbika (BAL)
3	Operation of stations	8	n
4	Repair and maintenance		
	of instruments	10	J.Dukuduku (JD)
5	Water resources	9	S.H.Mkhandi (SHM)
6	Processing of hydro-		
	meteorological data	14	S.Salamba (SS)
7	Processing of streamflow	,	
	data	21	J.M.Mihayo (JMM)
8	Hydrological analysis	27	M.Msalali (MM)
9	Case studies	46	Several lecturers
10	Operation of HP-32S		
	hand calculators	18	I.E.Mwakalinga (IEM)

ITEM NO 1: INTRODUCTION ( 6 hrs )

Lecturer	Hour	Literature	Topic
MOM	1-3	-	: Definition of Hydrology
			: The hydrological Cycle
			: Objectives of the course
			: The need for hydrological
			investigations
			: Regional hydrological offices
	. •		duties
			: Hydrological failures
			: Status hydrology in Tanzania

today

#### ITEM NO: 2 NETWORK DESIGN ( 6 hrs )

Lecturer	Hour	Literature	Topic
BAL	1	Shaw 2.1+2.2	Introduction
BAL	2	Shaw 2.3+2.4	- basic defination  Precipitation and evapo-
22	-	2.0,20	ration networks
BAL	3	Shaw 2.5	Hydrometric networks
BAL	4	WB I2	Deviation from ideal
			networks
BAL	5	WB I2	Network in Tanzania
BAL	6	WB I2	Concequances of inadiquate
			networks

#### ITEM NO: 3 OPERATION OF STATIONS ( 6 hrs )

Lecturer	Hour	Literature	Topic
BAL	1	WB I3 +	Measurements
		Tilrem Manuals	- General on measurements
			of different variables
BAL	2	*	Water levels
			- staff gauges
			- automatic recorders
BAL	3-4	n	Discharges
			- station creteria
			- current meter
			-computation of discharge
			-other methods
BAL	5-6	W	Operation of stations
BAL	7	#	Sediment
			- general
			- computation
BAL	8	н	Rainfall and evaporation
			- bucket gauge
			- automatic gauge
			evaporation

ITEM NO 4: REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF INSTRUMENTS (10 hrs)

Lecturer	Hour	Litterature	Topic
JD	1	WB 14	Theory of current meter and practice
JD	2	<b>#</b>	Theory of buzzers and practice
JD	3	•	Theory of winches and practice
JD	4-5	•	Theory of automatic water level recorders and practice
			practice
JD	6	•	Theory of anemometers and practice
JD	7-8	•	<ul> <li>Theory of automatic rainfall recorders and practice</li> </ul>
ம	9	•	<ul> <li>Theory of thermohygrographs and practice</li> </ul>
JD	10	•	Theory of stop watch/clocks and practice

#### ITEM NO: 5 WATER RESOURCES ( 9 Hours )

Lecturer Hour Literature Topic

SHM 1-6 WB I5 Introduction

Shaw Water resources invetories

Groundwater resources

Water quality

Tanzanian water master

plans

ITEM NO 6: PROCESSING OF HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL DATA (14 hrs)

Lecturer	Hour	Litterature	Topic
- ss	1	Shaw 1.1 + 1.3 + 1.4 Shaw 9.1	Hydrological cycle     Data processing
22	2-3	Shaw 3.1 - 3.2	Rainfall data     data collection
,		Shaw 9.2 - 9.4, 9.7	- data processing
22	4-5	WMO 4.2.4	Data Quality Control
22	6-7		Rainfall intensity
22	8-9	Shaw 4.4 - 4.4 Shaw 4.5 + IM 5.5	<ul> <li>Evaporation data</li> <li>Temperature data</li> <li>Humidity</li> <li>Wind</li> </ul>
<b>5</b> 5	10-13	Shaw 11.1-11.3 WB I6	• Calculation of evaporation
22	14	IM 6 WMO 4.2.5	• Data reports

ITEM NO 7: PROCESSING OF STREAMFLOW DATA (21 hrs)

	i	1	I
Lecturer	Hour	Litterature	Topic
JMM	1	WB 17 + Tilrem Man.	• Establishment of station
JMM	2-4	-	• Rating curves
JMM	5-6	ч	• Point of zero flow
JMM	7	•	Rating equation
JMM	8-9	•	Verification of rating equation
JMM	10	•	Extrapolation of rating curve
JMM	11-12	•	Daily mean discharge
JMM	13	•	Missing data
JMM	14	•	Data correction
лмм	15-16	•	• Consistency of data
JMM	17	•	Data application
JMM	18	. •	Data reporting
JMM	19-20		Data processing at Ubungo
JMM	21		• Discussion
l	İ	Į.	

ITEM NO 8: HYDROLOGICAL ANALYSIS (27 hrs)

		1	1
Lecturer	Hour	Litterature	Topic
_ MM	1-2	MB 18	• Introduction
Мм	3-6	Shaw 10.1, 10.2	PART I - PRECIPITATION ANALYSIS  • Areal rainfall  • Statistical analysis  • Rainfall frequency
MM	. 7-9	WB 18	Double mass curves
MM	10-12	•	- exercise  • Areal rainfall  - exercise
MM	13	•	• Analysis of trend
MM	14-16		<ul><li>Moving average</li><li>exercise</li></ul>
MM MM	17-18 19-24	Shaw 12.1-12.2 Shaw 12.3-12.9	
mm	25	Shaw 13.3	- exercise  • Hydrograph analysis
MM	26	Shaw 13.1	• Rational method
MM	27	WB 18	● Flow estimation

ITEM NO 9: CASE STUDIES ( 46 )

Lecturer	Hour	Litterature	Topic
SAF	1-15	WB I9	Case study number 3
			- Sediment transport
BAL	16-21	н	Case study number 1
			- Discharge computations
JMM	22-31		Case study number 2
			- Determination of Ho
			- Rating curves
SS	32-38	**	Case study number 4
			- Penman evaporation
SHM	39-46	**	Case study number 5
			- Extreme flow analysis

SAF = S.A.Faraji

BAL = B.A.Luhumbika

JMM = J.M.Mihayo

SS = S.Salamba

SHM = S.H.Mkhandi

ITEM NO 10: OPERATION OF HP-32S HAND CALCULATORS

Lecturer	Hour	Litterature	Topic
IEM	1-3	HP-32S manual	Introduction
IEM	4-8	н	HP-32S keyboard
IEM	9-11	**	Statistics
IEM	12	н	Regression
			analysis
IEM	13-15	14	Special keys
IEM	16-18	н	Programming

APPENDIX C: WEEKLY TIMETABLES

# CONBSE WEEK NO. 1 (16/13 - 20/16/89)

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## COURSE WEEK NO. 2 (23/10 - 27/10/89)

TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY		THURSDAY	FRIDAY	DATE
0800	BAL 3	BAL 3	JMM 7	i '	22 6	
	OPERATION	OPERATION	EST A-BLISHMON	PROCESSING	PROCESSING	
	STACE NO	δF	CALCUM GAR	STREAMERON DATA	HYDROMES	
0900	STATIONS	STATI DNS	निमयदासन् गामः	DATA	DATA	
0300	BAL 3	BAL 3	JMM 7	JMM 7	55 6	
			PROCESSING	<i>5/11/11</i>	-	
	-11-	-1-	STREM FLOW	_11 -	-11-	
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1300	J) 4	<i>J)</i> 4	BAL 9	BAL. 9	IEM 10	
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### COURSE WEEK NO.3 (30/10 - 3/11/89)

TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDN.DAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	DATE
0800 0900	SAF 9 FEDIMENTS	-	Į.	SS 6 PROCESSING HIDROMET DATA	MM 8 HYDROLOGICAL ANALYSIS	
	SAF 9 -11-	-11- 22 P	JMM 7	22 6	Mm 8	
1000	SAF 9	55 6	IMM 7	22 6	Mm 8	
1045	-11-	-11-	-11-	-11-	-11 -	
LUNCH						
1200	5AF 9 -11-	SAF 9 CASE STUBY NO.3	SAF 9 CASESTUDY NO. 3	SAF 9 CASE STUDY NO. 3	JEM 10 HP//C	
1300	SAF 9 CASE STUDY	SAF 9		SAF 9	IGM , 10	
1400	No.3	-11- SAF 9	-11 - SAF 9	-11- SAF 8	-11- Ion 10	
1445	-11-	-// -	-11-	-11-	_11-	
<u>.</u>	Item 6: Item 7:3	6 Item 8 Item 9	7:3 It 7:15	en 10:3	Total =	30

TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDN.DAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	DATE
0800	Jmm 7	mm 8	MM 8	Jimm 7	mm S	
0900	PROCESSING STREAMFLOW DATA	HYDROLOGICAC ANALYSIS	HYDROLOGICAL ANALYSIS	PROCESSING STREAM FLOW DATA	HYDROLOGICAL ANALYSIS	
	IMM 7	mm 5	mm 8	Imm 7	nin 5	
1000	-11-	-#-	-11-	-11-	-11-	
	Jmm 7	mm g	mm g	JMM 7	11m 8	
•	-#-	-//_	-11-	-11-	_11-	
1045						
LUNCH						
1200	Jmm 7	Jmm 9	Imm 9	Imm 9	Jmn 9	
	JWW 7	Jmm 9				
1300	-#-	CASE STUDY NO. 2	NO. 2	CASE STUDY NO. 2	NO 2	
	PROCESSING	Jmm 9	Jam 9	IMM 9	ĪĒM 10	
1400	HYDROMET. BATA	-11-	-K-	-11-	HP 1/C	
1100	55 6	Jmm 9	Imm 9	Imm 9	IEM 10	
-1.7	-11-	-//-	_//-	-11-	HPIIC	
1445	Item 6:2	Item 8:	9 Itim	10:2	2 2	, <b>•</b>

Item 7:7 Item 9:10

# COURSE WEEK NO. 5(13/"-17/"/89)

TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDN.DAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	DATE
0800	RIM S	Jam 7	mm 8	JAIM 7	Mm 8	
0900	HYDROLOGICAL ANALYSIS	PROCESSING STREAMFLOW DATA	HYDROLOGICAL AN ALYSIS	PROCESSING STREAMFLOU DATA	HYDROLOGICAL ANALYSIS	
	mm g	JMM 7	mm 8	JMIN 7	inm 8	
	-11-	-#-	-11-	-11 -	-11-	
1000	MM 8	JMM 7	MM 8	Jmm 7	MM 8	
; ;	_11-	-11-	-41	Jmm 7 -11-	-11-	· ·
1045						
LUNCH						
1200	<b>SS</b> 9	<b>55</b> 9	55 9	SHM 9	STYPU 9	
1300		CASE STUDY NO. 4	CASE STUDY NO. 4	CASE STUBY NO. 5	NO. 5	
1000	<b>S</b> S 9	<b>55</b> 9	5HM 9	5HM 9	SIM 9	
1400	_11-	_11-	No. 5	-11 -	-11-	
,	<b>S</b> S 9	<b>5.5</b> 9	5 <b>U</b> M 9	SMM 9	5HM 9	
1445	-11-	-11-	-11-	-11-	-11 -	
エマサノ	Item 7:	6 Item	9:15	T.ta	1 = 30	.•

Item 8: 9

TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDN.DAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	DATE
0800	MW 2.	5	mm 8		1	
	HYDR CLOGICAL	in do	HYDROLOGICA	4		
0900	ANALYSIS	SPEALERS VORAD/WMPCY	ANALYSIS		*	
	9191 8	4 9 5	MM 8	Eli	6.1	
	-11-	GUEST SPEAU.	-11 -	RE VIEN	RE VIE	
		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		ر بی ر	RE	
1000		3	44.4	4		
	MM 8	REA REA	MM 8			
	-11-	GUEST CHARERS	-11-			
1045		760	··.	V	V	
LUNCH						
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1200	54M 5	SHM 5	<b>A</b> ~	7 4	AVA CHU	:
	WATER	WATER	16%	DATA,	ANA	
	RESOURCES	RESOURCES	07827		. 1	
1300			6.6	7 3	CA (	
	SHM 5	SHM 5	, D	J. J.	()	
14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-11 -	-11-	V1 E W	REUL OR	REVI	
1400		***	6 %	EL	8 C	
1400	SHM 5	SHM 5	-RE UIEW - (HYDROMETE	25	7	
	-11-		\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\			
	-11-	-11-				
1445			*	<b>₹</b>		

Itim 5: 9 Item 8: 6

Total = 15 +

TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDN.DAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	DATE
0800		1 1		<b>△</b>	2 N	
0900	K1					٠.
1000	EXAMILYATION YARONETERROLEGY DA PROCESSING	1.41/er/ 10 w 1855/NG	47,3X	COURSE EUALUAI	NG SE-55	
	EXAMIL HYDRONIET DATA PROC	EXAMINATION STREAM FLOW DATA PROLESSING	EXAMIA ATION HYDROLDGICA L ANALYSIS	\$ 500 B	C1051146	
LUNCH						
1200						
1300	7		<u> </u>			
1400			· ;			
1445						

APPENDIX D: EXAMINATIONS

#### MAJI/NORAD TRAINING COURSE FOR HYDROLOGY TECHNICIANS

EXAMINATION IN HYDROMETEOROLOGY

27 NOV. 331989 , 0800 - 1300 HOURS

NAME:\_\_\_\_\_

Examinants are allowed to use: Instruction Manual

Hand calculator

#### EXAMINATION IN HYDROMETEOROLOGY

#### Attempt all questions

- 1. (a) By means of a neat diagram describe the hydrological cycle.
  - (b) What parameters do you expect to measure at a complete meteorological station
  - (c) Name the instruments used to measure each of the named parameters above
- 2. (a) Define the term Evaporation and explain the main cause of it
  - (b) Name 4 factors that affect evaporation at any given locality
  - (c) What do you understand by the following terms:
    - i. Albedo
    - ii. Lapse rate
- 3. Given the chart ( next page ) from the recording rain gauge at Morning Side is to be analysed.
  - A. For the period from 15 hrs to 22hrs extract the information asked for below.
    - 1. When did rain begin?
    - 2. " " cease?
    - 3. Duration of event ( Minutes )?
    - 4. Amount of rain (mm)?
    - 5. Mean intensity ( mm/hr)?
    - 6. Max. 60 min ( 1 hr ) intensity?

-

Gauge No965746 Year 78 Month Decr. Time on9.000 hrs. Time off Freed ......hrs. Duration of Rainfall......h. Recorder.....mm Station Molning Sude... cale, 5 mm = 10 mm on chart Check gauge .....mm

- B. From the entire chart (all 24 hrs) a number of rainfall events separated by periods of no rainfall can be separated. Extract the information asked for below.
  - 1. Total no. of events?
  - 2. Total amount of rain (mm) ?
- 4. a) Define evapotranspiration.
  - b) The following information was obtained from Igawa Meteorological station for the month of July. They are average values obtained from a long period of record.

DATA: (i) Average mean temp = 
$$20.9^{\circ}$$
C

(v) " 
$$(Tmax - Tmin) = 13^{\circ}C$$

LOCATION: 8° 46' S, 32° 23' E,

ELEVATION: 1,200 M. above sea level

#### QUESTION:

Using the above meteorological data and tables I-X calculate evapotranspiration ( $E_{t}$ ) using Penman formula. For ease of computation a special form is attached for you.

c) What could be the average crop water requirement in July for a field of 400 hactares in m<sup>3</sup>/sec if you were consulted by the Ministry of Agriculture?

# FAO/UNESCO/WMO AGROCLIMATOLOGY SURVEYS POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION after PENMAN Country...... Station..... Period...... Period..... Latitude..... Longitude.... Altitude ..... Altitude ..... (11) (1-a) Ra minus - 0.56 - 0.079 Ved Tmax. If > 12° check with Īmin. Tmax-Tmin. = 27

 $\frac{\left[\frac{\triangle}{\gamma} \cdot \frac{p_0}{p}\right]_{k_1^* + A_1^*}}{\left[\frac{\triangle}{\gamma} \cdot \frac{p_0}{p}\right] + 1} = Potential Evapotranspiration (E_T)$ 

Roman numeral indicates No. of appropriate table

#### MAJI/NORAD TRAINING COURSE FOR HYDROLOGY TECHNICIANS

#### EXAMINATION IN STREAMFLOW DATA PROCESSING

28 MOV. 1989 , 0800 - 1300 HOURS

NAME:	
MWW.	

Examinants are allowed to use: Any textbooks or manuals

Notes

Hand calculator

## EXAMINATION ON STREAMFLOW DATA PROCESSING 28 NOVEMBER 1989 0800 - 1300 HRS.

Use the data on discharge measurements presented on page two to answer the following questions.

#### QUESTION 1:

Plot the 20 discharge measurements on ordinary graph paper provided and fit a median curve through the plotted points.

#### OUESTEEM ?:

With the use of the arithmetic method, determine the value of the cease to flow level, Ho.

#### QUESTION 3:

Find the equation of the rating curve which has been fitted in Question 1 above using the statistical procedure.

#### QUESTION 4:

Determine whether the curve fitted in Question 1 above is free from bias or not-with the help of the sign test. Use 5 percent significance level.

#### DATA FOR THE DISCHARGE MEASUREMENTS:

NO.	GAUGE HEIGHT	DISCHARGE
	(m)	$m^3/s$ .
1	1.22	20.0
2.	1.34	23.6
3	1.42	25.6
4.	0.36	1.2
5	0.46	2.4
6	0.52	4.0
7	2.06	69.0
8	2.00	64.0
9	1.90	52.0
10	0.90	11.6
11	1.60	16.0
12	1.46	28.4
13	1.66	36.4
14	1.76	42.0
15	1.88	48.0
16	2.00	60.0
17	1.56	32.0
18	0.82	10.0
19	0.70	7.2
20	0.64	6.0

Probability of a larger value of t, sign ignored (two-tail test)												
d.f	9	.8	.7	.6	.5	.4	.3	.2	.1	.05	.02	.01
1	1.158	.325	.510	.757	1.000	1.376	1.963	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657
2	.142	.289	.445	.617	.816	1.061	1.386	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925
3	.137	.277	.424	.584	.765	.978	1.250	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841
4	.134	.271	.414	.569	.741	.941	1.190	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604
5	.132	.267	.408	.559	.727	.920	1.156	1.476	2.015	2.571	1	4.032
6	.131	.265	.404	.553	.718	.906	1.134	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707
7	.130	.263	.402	.549	.711	.896	1.119	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499
8	.130	.262	.399	.546	.706	.889	1.108	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355
9	.129	.261	.398	.543	.703	.883	1.100	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250
10	.129	.260	.397	.542	.700	.879	1.093	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169
11	.129	.260	.396	.540	.697	.876	1.088	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106
12	.128	.259	.395	.539	.695	.873	1.083	1.356	1.782	2.179	1	3.055
13	.128	.259	.394	.538	.694	.870	1.079	1.350	1.771	2.160	ì	3.012
14	.128	.258	.393	.537	.692	.868	1.076	1.345	1.761	2.145	1	2.977
15	.128	.258	.393	.536	.691	.866	1.074	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947
16	.i28	.258	.392	.535	.690	.865	1.071	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921
17	.128	.257	.392	.534	.689	.863	1.069	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898
18	.127	.257	.392	.534	.688	.862	1.067	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878
19	.127	.257	.391	.533	.688	.861	1.066	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861
20	.127	.257	.391	.533	.687	.860	1.064	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845
21	.127	.257	.391	.532	.686	.859	1.063	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831
22	.127	.256	.390	.532	.686	.858	1.061	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819
23	.127	.256	.390	.532	.685	.858	1.060	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807
24	.127	.256	.390	.531	.685	.857	1.059	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797
25	.127	.256	.390	.531	.684	.856	1.058	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787
26	.127	.256	.390	.531	<i>.</i> 684	.856	1.058	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779
27	.127	.256	.389	.531	.684	.855	1.057	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2,771
28	.127	.256	.389	.530	.683	.855	1.056	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763
29	.127	.256	.389	.530	.683	.854	1.055	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756
30	.127	.256	.389	.530	.683	.854	1.055	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750
∞ ,	.12566	.25335	<i>3</i> 8532	.52440	.67449	.84162	1.03643	1.28155	1.64485	1.95996	2.32634	2.57582
d.f.	.45	.40	.35	.3	.25	.2	.15	.I	.05	.025	0.01	.005
	Probability of a larger value of t, sign considered (one -tail test)									-		

E	XAMINA	TION IN	H	YDROL	OG I	CAL	analysi	S
29	NOV.	1989	,	0800	_	1300	HOURS	
		-						
N	AME:							

Examinants are allowed to use: Instruction Manual

Hand calculator

## MAJI/NORAD COURSE FOR HYDROLOGY TECHNICIANS (1989) EXAMINATION IN HYDROLOGICAL ANALYSIS

#### QUESTION 1:

The precipitation falling on a catchment is sampled by six raingauges. From the measurements in Table 1 below calculate the areal rainfall for 1981.

TABLE 1.

Rain Gauge	198] Rainfall mm	Thiesser Polygon Amea km²
1	2052	7.8
2	1915	8.3
· 3	1868	10.2
4	1723	11.5
5	1640	5.4
6	1510	6.8.

#### QUESTION II:

Tabulated below is a 30 years precipitation record for a single station and for the average of a group of 12 stations sorrounding it. The figures are annual totals in centimeter.

- A: Calculate the cumulative rainfall for the single station and for the nearby stations.
- B: Plot the double mass curve on graph paper.
- C: Does the record show a break? If so when does it occur?
- D: Calculate the slope before the break and after the break.
- E: Describe briefly how the rainfall record for the single station could be adjusted.

TABLE 2:

		4.0		2.1				
YEAR	SINGLE STATION	12 STATION MEAN	YEAR	SINGLE STATION	12 STATION_	_YEAR	SINGLE STATION	12 STATION
1952	35	36	1962.	36	38	1972	33	26
- 53	29	27	63	32	37	73	34	24
54	30	28	64	31	25	74	32	23
55	33	38	65	38	30	· <b>~</b> 75	· 26	23
56	38	37	66	38	36	76	30	26
57	42	39	67	27	- 26	77	21	19
58	27	32	68	20	22	78	22	21
59	36	35	.69	34	24	79	34	29
1960	30	31	1970	40	25	1980	20	17
61	45	41	71	56	38	81	39	24
				·	·		İ	i ,,
							į	Ì
		!		'			<b>:</b>	i '

#### QUESTION III:

The data in Table 3 are the annual maximum water levels (in centimeters) of a river as recorded in a period of 39 years.

- A: Group the data into six classes each 90 cm wide.
- B: Prepare a frequency table (Large class first) showing parcentage cumulative frequencies.
- C: Draw a flow duration curve for the data.
- D: Compute the arithmetic mean and standard deviation.

#### TABLE 3:

YEAR	WATER LEVEL	YEAR	WATER LEVEL	YEAR	WATER LEVEL	YEAR	WATER LEVE
1	504	11	735	21	930	31	452
2	473	12	604	22	614	32	556
3	525	13	653	23	563	33	448
. 4	707	14	641	24	470	34	582
5	622	15	3 491	25	429	35	642
6 _	516	16	683	26	504	36	570
7	670	17	764	27	,461	37	595
8	721	18	578	28	533	38	543
9	668	19	782	29	625	39	506
10	816	20	870	30	403		e i per

APPENDIX E: DIPLOMA, CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE

## UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA MINISTRY OF WATER, MAJI

#### RWEGARULILA WATER RESOURCES INSTITUTE

NORWEGIAN AGENCY FOR DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATION, NORAD

## **DIPLOMA**

This is to certify that

has successfully completed the MAJI/NORAD Training Course for Regional Hydrological Technicians in Tanzania

NORAD organized this course in collaboration with the Hydrological Section of the Ministry of Water

Venue: Dar es Salaam, Tanzania

**Duration:** 6 weeks

W. Mutayoba Principal, Water Resources Institute Bjarne Krokli External Examiner Norwegian Water Resources and Energy Administration (NVE)

Date

## UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA MINISTRY OF WATER, MAJI

#### RWEGARULILA WATER RESOURCES INSTITUTE

## NORWEGIAN AGENCY FOR DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATION, NORAD

The MAJI/NORAD Training Course for Regional Hydrological Technicians in Tanzania

This is to certify that who attended the above mentioned training course, was awarded the following marks in the examinations held in conjunction with the course: Subject: Marks: (All examinations were based on a possible 100 marks) Venue: Dar es Salaam, Tanzania **Duration: 6 weeks** Bjarne Krokli W. Mutayoba Principal, External Examiner Norwegian Water Resources and Energy Water Resources Institute Administration (NVE)

Date

## UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA MINISTRY OF WATER, MAJI

#### RWEGARULILA WATER RESOURCES INSTITUTE

NORWEGIAN AGENCY FOR DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATION, NORAD

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